COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

Senate Bill No. 253

(By Senators Minard and Jenkins)

[Originating in the Committee on Banking and Insurance; reported February 16, 2011.]

A BILL to amend and reenact §33-27-2, §33-27-2a, §33-27-3, §33-27-4, §33-27-5, §33-27-6, §33-27-7, §33-27-9, §33-27-11 and §33-27-14 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend said code by adding thereto two new sections, designated §33-27-3a and §33-27-6a, all relating to insurance holding company systems; defining terms; excluding certain investments from determination of adequacy of surplus; requiring notice and other information with regard to divestiture or acquisition of a controlling interest; changing public hearing requirements; providing standards for review of acquisition request by commissioner; establishing process for

consolidated hearings; providing standards and procedures for certain acquisitions not otherwise covered; providing requirements for insurers; expanding examinations and types of information that may be demanded and reviewed by the commissioner, including compelling production; providing for management of domestic insurers subject to registration; providing for establishment of supervisory colleges; providing additional confidentiality measures; providing for payments of costs, expenses and mileage; providing for fines, orders and penalties; and authorizing emergency rules.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §33-27-2, §33-27-2a, §33-27-3, §33-27-4, §33-27-5, §33-27-6, §33-27-7, §33-27-9, §33-27-11 and §33-27-14 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said code be amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated §33-27-3a and §33-27-6a, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 27. INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANY SYSTEMS. §33-27-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (a) An "affiliate" of or person "affiliated" with a specific
- 3 person is a person that, directly or indirectly through one or

- 4 more intermediaries, controls or is controlled by or is under
- 5 common control with the person specified.
- 6 (b) "Commissioner" means the West Virginia Insurance
- 7 Commissioner, his or her deputies or the insurance depart-
- 8 ment West Virginia offices of the Insurance Commissioner,
- 9 as appropriate.
- 10 (c) "Control" (including the terms "controlling", "con-
- 11 trolled by" and "under common control with") means the
- 12 possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause
- 13 the direction of the management and policies of a person,
- 14 whether through the ownership of voting securities, by
- 15 contract other than a commercial contract for goods or
- 16 nonmanagement services or otherwise, unless the power is
- 17 the result of an official position with or corporate office held
- 18 by the person. Control shall be presumed to exist if any
- 19 person, directly or indirectly, owns, controls, holds with the
- 20 power to vote or holds proxies representing ten percent or
- 21 more of the voting securities of any other person. or controls
- 22 or appoints a majority of the board of directors, voting
- 23 members or similar governing body of any other person. This
- 24 presumption may be rebutted by a showing made in the

manner provided by subsection (1) (k), section four of this 26 article that control does not exist in fact. The commissioner 27 may determine after furnishing all persons in interest notice and opportunity to be heard and making specific findings of fact to support the determination that control exists in fact 29 notwithstanding the absence of a presumption to that effect. 30 31 (d) "Depository institution" means a bank or savings 32 association as those terms are defined in section three of the federal deposit insurance act. The term "depository institution" does not include an insurance company. 34 (d) "Enterprise risk" means any activity, circumstance, 35 event or series of events involving one or more affiliates of an insurer that, if not remedied promptly, is likely to have a 37 38 material adverse effect upon the financial condition or liquidity of the insurer or its insurance holding company 39 system as a whole, including, but not limited to, anything 41 that would cause the insurer's risk-based capital to fall into 42 company action level, as set forth in article forty of this chapter, or would cause the insurer to be in hazardous 43 financial condition, as set forth in article thirty-four of this 45 chapter.

47 more affiliated persons, one or more of which is an insurer.

48 (f) "Insurer" means any person or persons or corporation,

49 partnership or company authorized by the laws of this state

50 to transact the business of insurance in this state, except that

51 it shall not include agencies, authorities or instrumentalities

52 of the United States, its possessions and territories, the

53 commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia or a

54 state or political subdivision of a state.

55 (g) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, <u>a limited</u>

56 <u>liability company,</u> a partnership, an association, a

57 joint-stock company, a trust, an unincorporated organiza-

58 tion, a depository institution or any other legal <u>similar</u> entity

59 or any combination of the foregoing acting in concert, but

60 does not include any securities broker performing no more

than the usual and customary broker's function and holding

less than twenty percent of the voting securities of an

insurance company or of any person which controls an

4 insurance company does not include any joint venture

65 partnership exclusively engaged in owning, managing,

<u>leasing or developing real or tangible personal property.</u>

- 67 (h) A "security holder" of a specified person is one who
- 68 owns any security of such person, including common stock,
- 69 preferred stock, debt obligations and any other security
- 70 convertible into or evidencing the right to acquire any of the
- 71 foregoing.
- 72 (i) A "subsidiary" of a specified person is an affiliate
- 73 controlled by such person directly or indirectly through one
- 74 or more intermediaries.
- 75 (j) "Voting security" includes any security convertible into
- 76 or evidencing a right to acquire a voting security.

§33-27-2a. Subsidiaries of insurers; authorization; investment authority; exemptions; qualifications; cessation of controls.

- 1 (a) *Authorization*. Any domestic insurer, either by itself
- 2 or in cooperation with one or more persons, may organize or
- 3 acquire one or more subsidiaries engaged in the following
- 4 kinds of business with the commissioner's prior approval:
- 5 (1) Any kind of insurance business authorized by the
- 6 jurisdiction in which it is incorporated;
- 7 (2) Acting as an insurance agent for its parent or for any of
- 8 its parent's insurer subsidiaries;

- 9 (3) Investing, reinvesting or trading in securities for its
- 10 own account, that of its parent, any subsidiary of its parent,
- 11 or any affiliate or subsidiary;
- 12 (4) Management of any investment company subject to or
- 13 registered pursuant to the Investment Company Act of 1940,
- 14 as amended, including related sales and services;
- 15 (5) Acting as a broker-dealer subject to or registered
- 16 pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as
- 17 amended;
- 18 (6) Rendering investment advice to governments, govern-
- 19 ment agencies, corporations or other organizations or groups;
- 20 (7) Rendering other services related to the operations of an
- 21 insurance business, including, but not limited to, actuarial,
- 22 loss prevention, safety engineering, data processing, account-
- 23 ing, claims, appraisal and collection services;
- 24 (8) Ownership and management of assets which the parent
- 25 corporation could itself own or manage;
- 26 (9) Acting as administrative agent for a governmental
- 27 instrumentality which is performing an insurance function;
- 28 (10) Financing of insurance premiums, agents and other
- 29 forms of consumer financing:

- 30 (11) Any other business activity determined by the commis-
- 31 sioner to be reasonably ancillary to an insurance business;
- 32 and
- 33 (12) Owning a corporation or corporations engaged or
- 34 organized to engage exclusively in one or more of the
- 35 businesses specified in this section; and
- 36 (13) Organizing or acquiring one or more subsidiaries that
- 37 are depository institutions.
- 38 (b) Additional investment authority. In addition to
- 39 investments in common stock, preferred stock, debt obliga-
- 40 tions and other securities permitted under any other provi-
- 41 sion of this chapter, a domestic insurer may also with the
- 42 commissioner's prior approval:
- 43 (1) Invest in common stock, preferred stock, debt obliga-
- 44 tions and other securities of one or more subsidiaries,
- 45 amounts which do not exceed the lesser of ten percent of the
- 46 insurer's assets or fifty percent of the insurer's surplus as
- 47 regards policyholders: *Provided*, That after the investments,
- 48 the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders will be reason-
- 49 able in relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and
- adequate to its financial needs. In calculating the amount of
- 51 the investments, investments in domestic or foreign insur-

52 ance subsidiaries shall be excluded and there shall be

- 53 included:
- 54 (A) Total net moneys or other consideration expended and
- 55 obligations assumed in the acquisition or formation of a
- 56 subsidiary, including all organizational expenses and
- 57 contributions to capital and surplus of the subsidiary
- 58 whether or not represented by the purchase of capital stock
- 59 or issuance of other securities; and
- 60 (B) All amounts expended in acquiring additional common
- 61 stock, preferred stock, debt obligations and other securities,
- 62 and all contributions to the capital or surplus, of a subsidiary
- 63 subsequent to its acquisition or formation;
- 64 (2) Invest any amount in common stock, preferred stock,
- 65 debt obligations and other securities of one or more subsid-
- 66 iaries engaged or organized to engage exclusively in the
- ownership and management of assets authorized as invest-
- 68 ments for the insurer: *Provided*, That each subsidiary agrees
- 69 to limit its investments in any asset so that the investments
- 70 will not cause the amount of the total investment of the
- 71 insurer to exceed any of the investment limitations specified
- 72 in subdivision (1) of this subsection or in article eight of this

- 73 chapter applicable to the insurer. For the purpose of this
- 74 subdivision, "the total investment of the insurer" includes:
- 75 (A) Any direct investment by the insurer in an asset; and
- 76 (B) The insurer's proportionate share of any investment in
- 77 an asset by any subsidiary of the insurer, which shall be
- 78 calculated by multiplying the amount of the subsidiary's
- 79 investment by the percentage of the ownership of the
- 80 subsidiary.
- 81 (3) With the approval of the commissioner, invest any
- 82 greater amount in common stock, preferred stock, debt
- 83 obligations or other securities of one or more subsidiaries:
- 84 Provided, That after investment the insurer's surplus as
- 85 regards policyholders will be reasonable in relation to the
- 86 insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial
- 87 needs.
- 88 (c) Exemption from investment restrictions. Investments
- 89 in common stock, preferred stock, debt obligations or other
- 90 securities of subsidiaries made pursuant to subsection (b) of
- 91 this section are not subject to any of the otherwise applicable
- 92 restrictions or prohibitions contained in this chapter appli-
- 93 cable to the investments of insurers.

94 (d) Qualification of investment; when determined. -Whether any investment made pursuant to subsection (a) or 95 96 (b) of this section meets the applicable requirements of said 97 subsections that subsection is to be determined before the investment is made, by calculating the applicable investment 98 limitations as though the investment had already been made, taking into account the then outstanding principal balance on all previous investments in debt obligations, and the value 102 of all previous investments in equity securities as of the day they were made, net of any return of capital invested, not 104 including dividends. (e) Cessation of control. — If an insurer ceases to control a 105 subsidiary, it shall dispose of any investment in the subsid-107 iary made pursuant to this section within three years from the time of the cessation of control or within any further time prescribed by the commissioner, unless at any time after the investment was made, the investment meets the requirements for investment under any other provision of this chapter and 111 the insurer has notified the commissioner of compliance with 112113 the provisions of this chapter.

§33-27-3. Acquisition of control of or merger with domestic insurer; filing requirements; statements; alterna-

tive filing material; approval by the commissioner; hearings; notice; mailings to shareholders; expenses; exemptions; violations and jurisdiction.

1 (a) Filing requirements. —

 2 (1) Any No person other than the issuer shall not may make a tender offer for or a request or invitation for tenders of, or enter into any agreement to exchange securities for, seek to acquire or acquire, in the open market or otherwise, any 5 voting security of a domestic insurer if, after the consummation thereof, the person would, directly or indirectly (or by conversion or by exercise of any right to acquire) be in 9 control of the insurer and a person shall not enter into an agreement to merge with or otherwise to acquire control of a domestic insurer or any person controlling a domestic 11 insurer unless at the time any such the offer, request or 12invitation is made or any such the agreement is entered into, 13 or prior to the acquisition of such the securities if no offer or 14 agreement is involved, the person has filed with the commis-15 sioner and has sent to the insurer and, to the extent permit-16 ted by applicable federal laws, rules and regulations, the 17 18 insurer has sent to its shareholders a statement containing the information required by this section and the offer,

20 request, invitation, agreement or acquisition has been

21 approved by the commissioner in the manner hereinafter

- 22 prescribed.
- 23 (2) For purposes of this section, any controlling person of
- 24 <u>a domestic insurer seeking to divest its controlling interest</u>
- 25 in the domestic insurer, in any manner, shall file with the
- 26 commissioner, with a copy to the insurer, confidential notice
- 27 of its proposed divestiture at least thirty days prior to the
- 28 cessation of control. The commissioner shall determine those
- 29 <u>instances in which the party or parties seeking to divest or to</u>
- 30 acquire a controlling interest in an insurer will be required
- 31 to file for and obtain approval of the transaction. The
- 32 information shall remain confidential until the conclusion of
- 33 the transaction unless the commissioner, in his or her
- 34 discretion, determines that confidential treatment will
- 35 interfere with enforcement of this section. If the statement
- 36 referred to in subsection (a) of this section is otherwise filed,
- 37 this subdivision does not apply.
- 38 (3) With respect to a transaction subject to this section, the
- 39 acquiring person must also file a preacquisition notification
- 40 with the commissioner, which shall contain the information
- 41 set forth in subdivision (1), subsection (c), section three-a of

- 42 this article. A failure to file the notification may subject the
- 43 person to penalties specified in subdivision (3), subsection
- 44 (e), section three-a of this article.
- 45 (b) (4) For purposes of this section, a "domestic insurer"
- 46 includes any other person controlling a domestic insurer
- 47 unless the other person as determined by the commissioner
- 48 is either directly or through its affiliates primarily engaged
- 49 in business other than the business of insurance. For pur-
- 50 poses of this section, "person" does not include any securities
- 51 broker holding, in the usual and customary broker's func-
- 52 tion, less than twenty percent of the voting securities of an
- 53 insurance company or of any person that controls an insur-
- 54 ance company.
- 55 (e) (b) Content of statement. The statement to be filed
- 56 with the commissioner hereunder shall be made under oath
- 57 or affirmation and shall contain the following information:
- 58 (1) The name and address of each person by whom or on
- 59 whose behalf the merger or other acquisition of control
- 60 referred to in subsection (a) of this section is to be effected
- 61 (hereinafter called "acquiring party"); and
- 62 $\frac{(2)}{(A)}$ If such person is an individual, his or her principal
- 63 occupation and all offices and positions held during the past

64 five years and any conviction of crimes other than minor
65 traffic violations during the past ten years; or

66 (3) (B) If such the person is not an individual, a report of 67 the nature of its business operations during the past five years or for such lesser period as the person and any prede-68 cessors thereof shall have been in existence; an informative 69 description of the business intended to be done by the person 70 and the person's subsidiaries; and a list of all individuals 7172 who are or who have been selected to become directors or 73 executive officers of the person, or who perform or will perform functions appropriate to those positions. The list 74 shall include for each individual the information required by 75 subdivision paragraph (2) of this subsection subdivision; 77 (4) (2) The source, nature and amount of the consideration 78 used or to be used in effecting the merger or other acquisition of control, a description of any transaction wherein 79 funds were or are to be obtained for any such purpose, including any pledge of the insurer's stock or the stock of 81 82 any of its subsidiaries or controlling affiliates, and the 83 identity of persons furnishing such consideration: *Provided*, That where a source of the consideration is a loan made in 84

the lender's ordinary course of business, the identity of the

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- 86 lender shall remain confidential if the person filing the
- 87 statement so requests;
- 88 (5) (3) Fully audited financial information as to the earn-
- 89 ings and financial condition of each acquiring party for the
- 90 preceding five fiscal years of each acquiring party (or for
- 91 such lesser period as each acquiring party and any predeces-
- 92 sors thereof shall have been in existence) and similar
- 93 unaudited information as of a date not earlier than ninety
- 94 days prior to the filing of the statement;
- 95 $\frac{(6)}{(4)}$ Any plans or proposals which each acquiring party
- 96 may have to liquidate the insurer, to sell its assets or merge
- 97 or consolidate it with any person or to make any other
- 98 material change in its business or corporate structure or
- 99 management;
- 100 $\frac{7}{7}$ (5) The number of shares of any security referred to in
- 101 subsection (a) of this section which each acquiring party
- 102 proposes to acquire and the terms of the offer, request,
- 103 invitation, agreement or acquisition referred to in said that
- 104 subsection and a statement as to the method by which the
- 105 fairness of the proposal was arrived at;
- 106 $\frac{(8)}{(6)}$ The amount of each class of any security referred to
- 107 in subsection (a) of this section which is beneficially owned

108 or concerning which there is a right to acquire beneficial

- 109 ownership by each acquiring party;
- 110 $\frac{(9)}{(7)}$ A full description of any contracts, arrangements or
- 111 understanding with respect to any security referred to in
- 112 subsection (a) of this section in which any acquiring party is
- involved, including, but not limited to, transfer of any of the
- 114 securities, joint ventures, loan or option arrangements, puts
- 115 or calls, guarantees of loans, guarantees against loss or
- 116 guarantees of profits, division of losses or profits or the
- 117 giving or withholding of proxies. The description shall
- 118 identify the persons with whom such contracts, arrange-
- 119 ments or understandings have been entered into;
- 120 (10) (8) A description of the purchase of any security
- 121 referred to in subsection (a) of this section during the twelve
- 122 calendar months preceding the filing of the statement by any
- 123 acquiring party, including the dates of purchase, names of
- 124 the purchasers and consideration paid or agreed to be paid
- 125 therefor;
- 126 (11) (9) A description of any recommendations to purchase
- 127 any security referred to in subsection (a) of this section made
- 128 during the twelve calendar months preceding the filing of the
- 129 statement by an acquiring party or by anyone based upon

- 130 interviews or at the suggestion of the acquiring party;
- 131 $\frac{(12)}{(10)}$ Copies of all tender offers for, requests or invita-
- 132 tions for tenders of, exchange offers for and agreements to
- 133 acquire or exchange any securities referred to in subsection
- 134 (a) of this section and, if distributed, of additional soliciting
- 135 material relating thereto;
- 136 (13) (11) The terms of any agreement, contract or under-
- 137 standing made with any broker-dealer as to solicitation of
- 138 securities referred to in subsection (a) of this section for
- 139 tender and the amount of any fees, commissions or other
- 140 compensation to be paid to broker-dealers with regard
- 141 thereto; and
- 142 (12) An agreement by the person required to file the
- statement referred to in subsection (a) of this section that it
- 144 will provide the annual report, specified in subsection (1),
- section four of this article, for so long as control exists;
- 146 (13) An acknowledgment by the person required to file the
- 147 statement referred to in subsection (a) of this section that the
- 148 person and all subsidiaries within its control in the insur-
- ance holding company system will provide information to the
- 150 commissioner upon request as necessary to evaluate enter-
- 151 prise risk to the insurer; and

152 (14) Any additional information as the commissioner may 153 by rule prescribe as necessary or appropriate for the protection of policyholders and security holders of the insurer or in 154 the public interest. 155 156 (d) (c) If the person required to file the statement referred to in subsection (a) of this section is a partnership, limited 157 158 partnership, syndicate or other group, the commissioner may 159 require that the information called for by subdivisions (1) 160 through (14), inclusive, of this subsection (b) of this section shall be given with respect to each partner of the partnership 161 162 or limited partnership, each member of the syndicate or 163 group and each person who controls the partner or member. If any partner, member or person is a corporation or the 164 person required to file the statement referred to in subsection (a) of this section is a corporation, the commissioner 166 167 may require that the information called for by subdivisions 168 (1) through (14), inclusive, subsection (b) of this section shall be given with respect to the corporation and each person 169 who is directly or indirectly the beneficial owner of more than ten percent of the outstanding voting securities of the 171172 corporation.

(e) (d) If any material change occurs in the facts set forth in 173 174 the statement filed with the commissioner and sent to the insurer pursuant to this section, an amendment setting forth 175such change, together with copies of all documents and other 177 material relevant to such change, shall be filed with the 178 commissioner and sent to the insurer within two business days after the person learns of the change. The insurer shall send the amendment to its shareholders. 180 (f) (e) Alternative filing materials. — If any offer, request, 181 invitation, agreement or acquisition referred to in subsection 182(a) of this section is proposed to be made by means of a 183 registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933 or in circumstances requiring the disclosure of similar information 185 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or under a state 187 law requiring similar registration or disclosure, the person required to file the statement referred to in said that subsection may utilize such documents in furnishing the information called for by that statement. (g) (f) (1) Approval by commissioner; hearings. — The 191 commissioner shall approve any merger or other acquisition 192193 of control referred to in subsection (a) of this section unless,

- 194 after a public hearing thereon, he or she finds that: any of
- the following conditions exists:
- 196 (1) (A) After the change of control the domestic insurer
- referred to in subsection (a) of this section would not be able
- to satisfy the requirements for the issuance of a license to
- write the line or lines of insurance for which it is presently
- 200 authorized;
- 201(2) (B) The effect of the merger or other acquisition of
- 202control would be substantially to lessen competition in
- insurance in this state or tend to create a monopoly therein. 203
- In applying the competitive standard in this subdivision: 204
- 205 (i) The informational requirements of subdivision (1),
- subsection (c), section three-a of this article and the stan-
- dards of subdivision (2), subsection (d), section three-a of 207
- this article apply;
- 209 (ii) The merger or other acquisition may not be disap-
- proved if the commissioner finds that any of the situations
- meeting the criteria provided by subdivision (3), subsection
- 212 (d), section three-a of this article exist; and
- 213 (iii) The commissioner may condition the approval of the
- merger or other acquisition on the removal of the basis of 214
- 215 disapproval within a specified period of time.

- 216 (3) (C) The financial condition of any acquiring party is 217such as might jeopardize the financial stability of the insurer 218or prejudice the interest of its policyholders or the interests 219 of any remaining security holders who are unaffiliated with 220 the acquiring party; 221 (4) The terms of the offer, request, invitation, agreement or 222 acquisition referred to in subsection (a) of this section are unfair and unreasonable to the security holders of the 224 insurer: 225 (5) (D) The plans or proposals which the acquiring party has to liquidate the insurer, sell its assets or consolidate or 226merge it with any person or to make any other material 227 change in its business or corporate structure or management 228are unfair and unreasonable to policyholders of the insurer and not in the public interest; 231(6) (E) The competence, experience and integrity of those persons who would control the operation of the insurer are such that it would not be in the interest of policyholders of the insurer and of the public to permit the merger or other 234235acquisition of control; or 236 (7) (F) The acquisition is likely to be hazardous or prejudi-
- 237 cial to the insurance-buying public.

238 (h) (2) The public hearing required by this section shall be held within forty thirty days after the statement required by 239 subsection (a) of this section is filed, and at least fifteen twenty days' notice thereof shall be given by the commissioner to the person filing the statement. Not less than seven days' notice of the public hearing shall be given by the person filing the statement to the insurer and to any other persons as may be designated by the commissioner. The insurer shall give notice of the public hearing to its security holders. The commissioner shall make a determination 247 within twenty days after the conclusion of the hearing the sixty-day period preceding the effective date of the proposed 249 250 transaction. At the hearing, the person filing the statement, 251the insurer, any person to whom notice of hearing was sent, 252 and any other person whose interest may be affected has the right to present evidence, examine and cross-examine witnesses, and offer oral and written arguments and in 255 connection therewith shall be entitled to conduct discovery proceedings in the same manner as is presently allowed in 256 257 the circuit courts of this state: *Provided*, That all discovery proceedings shall be concluded not later than three days 258 259 prior to the commencement of the public hearing.

by the laws of this state shall be made not later than sixty

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- days after the date of filing the change in control submitted pursuant to subdivision (1), subsection (a) of this section. 284 (i) (5) The commissioner may retain at the acquiring 285 person's expense any attorneys, actuaries, accountants and other experts not otherwise a part of the commissioner's staff as may be reasonably necessary to assist the commissioner in 288 reviewing the proposed acquisition of control. 289 (j) To the extent permitted by applicable federal laws, rules 290 and regulations, all statements, amendments or other material filed pursuant to the provisions of this section and 292 all notices of public hearings held pursuant to the provisions 293 of this section shall be mailed by the insurer to its sharehold-294 ers within five business days after the insurer has received 295 such statements, amendments, other material or notices. The 296 expenses of mailing shall be borne by the person making the filing. As security for the payment of such expenses, such 298 person shall file with the commissioner an acceptable bond 299 or other deposit in an amount to be determined by the 300 commissioner. 301 $\frac{(k)}{(g)}$ <u>Exemptions.</u> — The provisions of this section shall
- 302 not apply to any offer, request, invitation, agreement or 303 acquisition which the commissioner by order shall exempt

- therefrom as: (1) Not having been made or entered into for the purpose of, and not having the effect of, changing or influencing the control of a domestic insurer; or (2) as otherwise not comprehended within the purposes of this section.
- 309 $\frac{\text{(h)}}{\text{(h)}}$ The following are violations of this section:
- 310 (1) The failure to file any statement, amendment or other
- material required to be filed pursuant to subsection (a) or (b)
- 312 of this section; or
- 313 (2) The effectuation or any attempt to effectuate an
- 314 acquisition of control of, divestiture of, or merger with, a
- 315 domestic insurer unless the commissioner has given his or
- 316 her approval thereto.
- 317 (m) (i) Jurisdiction; consent to service of process. The
- 318 courts of this state are hereby vested with jurisdiction over
- 319 every person not resident, domiciled or authorized to do
- 320 business in this state who files a statement with the commis-
- 321 sioner under this section and over all actions involving such
- 322 person arising out of violations of this section and each such
- 323 person shall be deemed to have performed acts equivalent to
- 324 and constituting an appointment by the person of the
- 325 Secretary of State to be his or her true and lawful attorney

- upon whom may be served all lawful process in any action, suit or proceeding arising out of violations of this section. Copies of all such lawful process shall be served on the 328 329Secretary of State and transmitted by registered or certified
- 330 mail by the Secretary of State to such person at his or her
- 331 last known address.
- §33-27-3a. Acquisitions Involving Insurers Not Otherwise Covered; definitions; scope; pre-acquisition notification and waiting period; competitive standard; orders and penalties.
 - 1 (a) *Definitions*. — The following definitions apply to only
 - this section:
 - 3 (1) "Acquisition" means any agreement, arrangement or
 - activity the consummation of which results in a person
 - acquiring directly or indirectly the control of another person,
 - and includes, but is not limited to, the acquisition of voting
 - securities, the acquisition of assets, bulk reinsurance and
 - mergers.
 - 9 (2) An "involved insurer" includes an insurer which either
 - acquires or is acquired, is affiliated with an acquirer or
 - acquired, or is the result of a merger.

- 12 (b) *Scope*. (1) Except as exempted in subdivision (2) of
- 13 this subsection, this section applies to any acquisition in
- 14 which there is a change in control of an insurer authorized
- 15 to do business in this state.
- 16 (2) This section does not apply to the following:
- 17 (A) A purchase of securities solely for investment purposes
- 18 so long as the securities are not used by voting or otherwise
- 19 to cause or attempt to cause the substantial lessening of
- 20 competition in any insurance market in this state. If a
- 21 purchase of securities results in a presumption of control
- 22 pursuant to subsection (c), section two of this article, it is not
- 23 solely for investment purposes unless the commissioner of
- 24 the insurer's state of domicile accepts a disclaimer of control
- 25 or affirmatively finds that control does not exist and the
- 26 disclaimer action or affirmative finding is communicated by
- 27 the domiciliary commissioner to the commissioner of this
- 28 state;
- 29 (B) The acquisition of a person by another person when
- 30 both persons are neither directly nor through affiliates
- 31 primarily engaged in the business of insurance, if
- 32 pre-acquisition notification is filed with the commissioner
- 33 pursuant to subdivision (1), subsection (c) of this section

- $35 \quad acquisition. However, such pre-acquisition notification is not \\$
- 36 required for exclusion from this section if the acquisition
- 37 would otherwise be excluded from this section by any other
- 38 paragraph of this subdivision;
- 39 (C) The acquisition of already affiliated persons;
- 40 (D) An acquisition if, as an immediate result of the acquisi-
- 41 tion:
- 42 (i) In no market would the combined market share of the
- 43 involved insurers exceed five percent of the total market;
- 44 (ii) There would be no increase in any market share; or
- 45 (iii) In no market would:
- 46 (I) The combined market share of the involved insurers
- 47 exceed twelve percent of the total market; and
- 48 (II) The market share increase by more than two percent of
- 49 the total market.
- For the purpose of this paragraph, a "market" means direct
- 51 written insurance premium in this state for a line of business
- 52 as contained in the annual statement required to be filed by
- 53 insurers licensed to do business in this state; and
- 54 (E) An acquisition for which a pre-acquisition notification
- 55 would be required pursuant to this section due solely to the

56 resulting effect on the ocean marine insurance line of 57 business;

- 58 (F) An acquisition of an insurer whose domiciliary commis-
- 59 sioner affirmatively finds that the insurer is in failing
- 60 condition; there is a lack of feasible alternative to improving
- 61 such condition; the public benefits of improving the insurers
- 62 condition through the acquisition exceed the public benefits
- 63 that would arise from not lessening competition; and the
- 64 findings are communicated by the domiciliary commissioner
- 65 to the commissioner of this state.
- 66 (c) Pre-acquisition notification and waiting period. An
- 67 acquisition covered by subsection (b) of this section may be
- 68 subject to an order pursuant to subsection (e) of this section
- 69 unless the acquiring person files a pre-acquisition notifica-
- 70 tion and the waiting period has expired. The acquired person
- 71 may file a pre-acquisition notification. The commissioner
- 72 shall give confidential treatment to information submitted
- 73 under this subsection in the same manner as provided in
- 74 section seven of this article.
- 75 (1) The pre-acquisition notification shall be in such form
- 76 and contain such information as prescribed by the National
- 77 Association of Insurance Commissioners relating to those

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markets that, under paragraph (D), subdivision (2), subsec-79 tion (b) of this section, cause the acquisition not to be 80 exempted from the provisions of this section. The commissioner may require such additional material and information 81 82 as deemed necessary to determine whether the proposed acquisition, if consummated, would violate the competitive 83 84 standard of subsection (d) of this section. The required information may include an opinion of an economist as to the 85 competitive impact of the acquisition in this state accompa-86 nied by a summary of the education and experience of such 87 person indicating his or her ability to render an informed 89 opinion. 90 (2) The waiting period required shall begin on the date of 91 receipt of the commissioner of a pre-acquisition notification 92 and shall end on the earlier of the thirtieth day after the date

of receipt, or termination of the waiting period by the commissioner. Prior to the end of the waiting period, the commissioner on a one-time basis may require the submission of additional needed information relevant to the proposed acquisition, in which event the waiting period shall end on the earlier of the thirtieth day after receipt of the

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- additional information by the commissioner or termination of the waiting period by the commissioner.
- (d) Competitive Standard. (1) The commissioner may 101
- 102enter an order under subdivision (1), subsection (e) of this
- section, with respect to an acquisition if there is substantial 103
- 104 evidence that the effect of the acquisition may be substan-
- tially to lessen competition in any line of insurance in this
- 106 state or tend to create a monopoly or if the insurer fails to
- file adequate information in compliance with subsection (c)
- 108 of this section.
- 109 (2) In determining whether a proposed acquisition would
- violate the competitive standard of subdivision (1) of this 110
- subsection, the commissioner shall consider the following: 111
- 112 (A) Any acquisition covered under subsection (b) of this
- section involving two or more insurers competing in the same
- market is *prima facie* evidence of violation of the competitive
- 115 standards.
- 116 (i) If the market is highly concentrated and the involved
- 117insurers possess the following shares of the market:

118	Insurer A	Insurer B	
119	4%	4% or more	
120	10%	10%	

1% or more

 $122\,$ $\,$ (ii) Or, if the market is not highly concentrated and the

 $123 \quad involved \ insurers \ possess \ the \ following \ shares \ of \ the \ market:$

124	Insurer A	Insurer B	
125	5%	5% or more	
126	10%	4% or more	
127	15%	3% or more	
128	19%	1% or more	
129	A highly concentrated market is one in which the share of		
130	the four largest insurers is seventy-five percent or more of		
131	the market. Percentages not shown in the tables are interpo-		
132	lated proportionately to the percentages that are shown. If		
133	more than two insurers are involved, exceeding the total of		
134	the two columns in the table is $prima\ facie\ evidence\ of$		
135	violation of the competitive standard in subdivision one of		
136	this subsection. For the purpose of this item, the insurer with $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \left$		
137	the largest share of the market shall be deemed to be Insurer		
138	A;		
139	(B) There is a sig	gnificant trend toward increased concen-	
140	tration when the aggregate market share of any grouping of		
141	the largest insurers in the market, from the two largest to the $$		
142	eight largest, has increased by seven percent or more of the		

- 143 market over a period of time extending from any base year
- 144 five to ten years prior to the acquisition up to the time of the
- 145 acquisition. Any acquisition or merger covered under
- 146 subsection (b) of this section involving two (2) or more
- 147 insurers competing in the same market is prima facie
- 148 evidence of violation of the competitive standard in subdivi-
- 149 sion (1) of this subsection if:
- 150 (i) There is a significant trend toward increased concentra-
- 151 tion in the market;
- 152 (ii) One of the insurers involved is one of the insurers in a
- 153 grouping of large insurers showing the requisite increase in
- 154 the market share; and
- 155 (iii) Another involved insurer's market is two percent or
- 156 more:
- 157 (C) For the purposes of subdivision (2), subsection (d) of
- 158 this section:
- (i) The term "insurer" includes any company or group of
- 160 companies under common management, ownership or
- 161 control;
- 162 (ii) The term "market" means the relevant product and
- 163 geographical markets. In determining the relevant product
- and geographical markets, the commissioner shall give due

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consideration to, among other things, the definitions or guidelines, if any, promulgated by the National Association 167of Insurance Commissioners and to information, if any, submitted by parties to the acquisition. In the absence of sufficient information to the contrary, the relevant product 169 market is assumed to be the direct written insurance pre-170 mium for a line of business, such line being that used in the 172 annual statement required to be filed by insurers doing business in this state, and the relevant geographical market 174 is assumed to be this state; (iii) The burden of showing *prima facie* evidence of viola-175 tion of the competitive standard rests upon the commis-177 sioner. 178 (D) Even though an acquisition is not *prima facie* violative 179 of the competitive standard under paragraphs (A) and (B), subdivision (2) of this subsection, the commissioner may establish the requisite anticompetitive effect based upon other substantial evidence. Even though an acquisition is 182 prima facie violative of the competitive standard under 184 paragraphs (A) and (B), subdivision (2) of this subsection, a

185 party may establish the absence of the requisite

anticompetitive effect based upon other substantial evidence.

187 Relevant factors in making a determination under this

188 paragraph include, but are not limited to, the following:

189 market shares, volatility of ranking of market leaders,

190 number of competitors, concentration, trend of concentration

191 in the industry, and ease of entry and exit into the market.

- 192 (3) An order may not be entered under subdivision (1).
- 193 subsection (e) of this section if:
- 194 (A) The acquisition will yield substantial economies of
- 195 scale or economies in resource utilization that cannot be
- 196 feasibly achieved in any other way, and the public benefits
- 197 which would arise from such economies exceed the public
- 198 benefits which would arise from not lessening competition;
- 199 or
- 200 (B) The acquisition will substantially increase the avail-
- 201 ability of insurance, and the public benefits of the increase
- 202 exceed the public benefits which would arise from not
- 203 lessening competition.
- 204 (e) *Orders and Penalties.* -(1)(A) If an acquisition violates
- 205 the standards of this section, the commissioner may enter an
- 206 order:

- 207 (i) Requiring an involved insurer to cease and desist from
- doing business in this state with respect to the line or lines
- of insurance involved in the violation; or 209
- 210 (ii) Denying the application of an acquired or acquiring
- insurer for a license to do business in this state. 211
- 212 (B) Such an order shall not be entered unless:
- 213(i) There is a hearing;
- (ii) Notice of the hearing is issued prior to the end of the 214
- waiting period and not less than fifteen days prior to the
- 216 hearing; and
- 217 (iii) The hearing is concluded and the order is issued no
- 218 later than sixty days after the date of the filing of the
- preacquisition notification with the commissioner. 219
- 220 (C) Every order issued pursuant to this subsection shall be
- accompanied by a written decision of the commissioner 221
- 222setting forth findings of fact and conclusions of law.
- 223(D) An order pursuant to this subsection does not apply if
- the acquisition is not consummated.
- 225 (2) Any person who violates a cease and desist order of the
- 226 commissioner under subdivision one of this subsection and
- 227 while the order is in effect may, after notice and hearing and

- 228 upon order of the commissioner, be subject at the discretion
- 229 of the commissioner to one or more of the following:
- 230 (A) A monetary penalty of not more than \$10,000 for every
- 231 day of violation; or
- 232 (B) Suspension or revocation of the person's license.
- 233 (3) Any insurer or other person who fails to make any filing
- 234 required by this section, and who also fails to demonstrate a
- 235 good faith effort to comply with any filing requirement, shall
- 236 be subject to a fine of not more than \$50,000.
- 237 (f) Inapplicable Provisions. Subsections (b) and (c), section
- 238 eight of this article and section ten of this article do not
- 239 apply to acquisitions covered under subsection (b) of this
- 240 section.
- §33-27-4. Registration of insurers; information and form required; summary of changes to registration statement; materiality; reporting of dividends to shareholders; information to insurers; termination of registration; consolidated filing; alternative registration; exemptions; disclaimer; enterprise risk
 - 1 (a) Registration. (1) Every insurer which is authorized to

filing; violations.

2 do business in this state and which is a member of an

insurance holding company system shall register with the commissioner, except a foreign insurer subject to disclosure requirements and standards adopted by statute or regulation in the jurisdiction of its domicile which are substantially 7 similar to those contained in this section, subsections (a), (b) and (c), section five of this article, and either subsection (d), section five of this article or has a provision such as the following: "Each registered insurer shall keep current the 10 information required to be disclosed in its registration 11 12 statement by reporting all material changes or additions 13 within fifteen days after the end of the month in which it learns of each change or addition." 14 15 (2) Any insurer which is subject to registration under this 16 section shall register within sixty days after the effective 17 date of this article or fifteen days after it becomes subject to registration, whichever is later, and annually thereafter by June 1 of each year for the previous calendar year, unless the commissioner for good cause shown extends the time for 20 registration. and then within such extended time. The 2122 commissioner may require any authorized insurer which is a member of a holding company system which is not subject 23 to registration under this section to furnish a copy of the

- 25 registration statement, the summary described in subsection
- 26 (c) of this section, or other information filed by such insur-
- 27 ance company with the insurance regulatory authority of
- 28 domiciliary jurisdiction.
- 29 (b) *Information and form required*. Every insurer subject
- 30 to registration shall file a registration statement with the
- 31 <u>commissioner and the national association of insurance</u>
- 32 commissioners on a form and in a format prescribed by the
- 33 National Association of Insurance Commissioners, which
- 34 shall contain the following current information: about:
- 35 (1) The capital structure, general financial condition,
- 36 ownership and management of the insurer and any person
- 37 controlling the insurer.
- 38 (2) The identity and relationship of every member of the
- 39 insurance holding company system.
- 40 (3) The following agreements in force, relationships
- 41 subsisting, and transactions currently outstanding or which
- 42 have occurred during the last calendar year between such
- 43 insurer and its affiliates:
- 44 (A) Loans, other investments, or purchases, sales or
- 45 exchanges of securities of the affiliates by the insurer or of
- 46 the insurer by its affiliates;

- 47 (B) Purchases, sales or exchanges of assets;
- 48 (C) Transactions not in the ordinary course of business;
- 49 (D) Guarantees or undertakings for the benefit of an
- 50 affiliate which result in an actual contingent exposure of the
- 51 insurer's assets to liability, other than insurance contracts
- 52 entered into in the ordinary course of the insurer's business;
- 53 (E) All management and service contracts and all
- 54 cost-sharing arrangements;
- 55 (F) All reinsurance agreements;
- 56 (G) Dividends and other distributions to shareholders; and
- 57 (H) Consolidated tax allocation statements.
- 58 (H) (4) Any pledge of the insurer's stock, including stock of
- 59 any subsidiary or controlling affiliate, for a loan made to any
- 60 member of the insurance holding company system.
- 61 (5) If requested by the commissioner, the insurer shall
- 62 include financial statements of or within an insurance
- 63 holding company system, including all affiliates. Financial
- 64 statements may include, but are not limited to, annual
- 65 audited financial statements filed with the U.S. Securities
- and Exchange Commission (SEC) pursuant to the Securities
- 67 Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of
- 68 1934, as amended. An insurer required to file financial

- 69 statements pursuant to this subdivision may satisfy the
- 70 request by providing the commissioner with the most
- 71 recently filed parent corporation financial statements that
- 72 <u>have been filed with the SEC.</u>
- 73 (4) (6) Other matters concerning transactions between
- 74 registered insurers and any affiliates as may be included
- 75 from time to time in any registration forms adopted or
- 76 approved by the commissioner.
- 77 (7) Statements that the insurer's board of directors over-
- 78 sees corporate governance and internal controls and that the
- 79 insurer's officers or senior management have approved,
- 80 implemented, and continue to maintain and monitor corpo-
- 81 <u>rate governance and internal control procedures.</u>
- 82 (8) Any other information required by the commissioner by
- 83 rule.
- 84 (c) Summary of changes to registration statement. All
- 85 registration statements shall contain a summary outlining all
- 86 items in the current registration statement representing
- 87 changes from the prior registration statement.
- 88 (d) <u>Materiality.</u> Information need not be disclosed on the
- 89 registration statement filed pursuant to subsection (b) of this
- 90 section if such information is not material for the purpose of

91 this section. Unless the commissioner by rule or order

provides otherwise, sales, purchases, exchanges, loans or

93 extensions of credit, or investments, involving one half of one

percent or less of an insurer's admitted assets as of December

31, next preceding shall not be deemed material for purposes 95

96 of this section.

- 97 (e) Each registered insurer shall keep current the informa-
- tion required to be disclosed in its registration statement by 98
- reporting all material changes or additions on amendment
- 100 forms provided by the commissioner within fifteen days after
- 101 the end of the month in which it learns of each such change
- 102 or addition.
- 103 (f) (e) Reporting of dividends to shareholders. — Subject to
- subsection (c), section five of this article, each registered
- insurer shall report to the commissioner all dividends and
- 106 other distributions to shareholders within fifteen business
- 107days following the declaration thereof.
- (g) (f) Information to insurers. Any person within an 108
- insurance holding company system subject to registration
- 110 shall be required to provide complete and accurate informa-
- 111 tion to an insurer, when such information is reasonably

- 112 necessary to enable the insurer to comply with the provisions
- 113 of this article.
- 114 (h) (g) Termination of registration. The commissioner
- 115 shall terminate the registration of any insurer which demon-
- 116 strates that it no longer is a member of an insurance holding
- 117 company system.
- 118 (i) (h) Consolidated filing. The commissioner may
- 119 require or allow two or more affiliated insurers subject to
- 120 registration hereunder to file a consolidated registration
- 121 statement or consolidated reports amending their consoli-
- 122 dated registration statement or their individual registration
- 123 statements.
- 124 (i) Alternative registration. The commissioner may
- 125 allow an insurer which is authorized to do business in this
- 126 state and which is a part of an insurance holding company
- 127 system to register on behalf of any affiliated insurer which
- 128 is required to register under subsection (a) of this section and
- 29 to file all information and material required to be filed under
- 130 this section.
- 131 (k) (j) Exemptions. The provisions of this section shall
- 132 not apply to any insurer, information or transaction if and to

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133 the extent that the commissioner by rule or order shall 134 exempt the same from the provisions of this section. 135 (1) (k) Disclaimer. — Any person may file with the commissioner a disclaimer of affiliation with any authorized insurer or such a disclaimer may be filed by such the insurer or any 137 member of an insurance holding company system. The disclaimer shall fully disclose all material relationships and bases for affiliation between such the person and such the insurer as well as the basis for disclaiming such affiliation. After a disclaimer has been filed, the insurer shall be relieved of any duty to register or report under this section 144 which may arise out of the insurer's relationship with such person unless and until the commissioner disallows such a 146 disclaimer. A disclaimer of affiliation shall be deemed to have been granted unless the commissioner, within thirty days following receipt of a complete disclaimer, notifies the filing party the disclaimer is disallowed. In the event of 150 disallowance, the disclaiming party may request an adminis-151 trative hearing, which shall be granted, and The the commissioner shall disallow such a disclaimer only after furnishing 152 all parties in interest with notice and opportunity to be 153

154 heard and after making specific findings of fact to support

- such disallowance. The disclaiming party shall be relieved of its duty to register under this section if approval of the 156 157 disclaimer has been granted by the commissioner, or if the disclaimer is deemed to have been approved. 158 159 (l) Enterprise Risk Filing. — The ultimate controlling person of every insurer subject to registration shall also file 160 an annual enterprise risk report. The report shall, to the best of the ultimate controlling person's knowledge and belief, 162 identify the material risks within the insurance holding 164 company system that could pose enterprise risk to the insurer. The report shall be filed with the lead state commis-166 sioner of the insurance holding company system as determined by the procedures within the Financial Analysis 167 Handbook adopted by the National Association of Insurance 169 Commissioners. 170 (m) *Violations*. — The failure to file a registration statement or any amendment enterprise risk filing thereto required by this section within the time specified for such
- §33-27-5. Standards; adequacy of surplus; dividends and other distributions; notice of amendments or modifica-

173 filing shall be a violation of this section.

tions; management of domestic insurers subject to registration.

- (a) Transactions by registered insurers with their affiliates 1
- within an insurance holding company system to which an
- insurer subject to registration is a party shall be subject to
- the following standards:
- 5 (1) The terms shall be fair and reasonable;
- 6 (2) Agreements for cost-sharing services and management
- shall include such provisions as required by rule;
- (2) (3) Charges or fees for services performed shall be 8
- 9 reasonable;
- 10 (3) (4) Expenses incurred and payment received shall be
- allocated to the insurer in conformity with customary
- 12 insurance accounting practices consistently applied;
- 13 (4) (5) The books, accounts and records of each party to all
- such transactions shall be so maintained as to clearly and
- accurately disclose the precise nature and details of the 15
- 16 transactions, including such accounting information as is
- necessary to support the reasonableness of the charges or 17
- fees to the respective parties; and 18
- 19 (5) (6) The insurer's surplus as regards policyholders
- following any dividends or distributions to shareholder

- 21 affiliates shall be reasonable in relation to the insurer's
- 22 outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs.
- 23 (b) Adequacy of surplus. For purposes of this article, in
- 24 determining whether an insurer's surplus as regards policy-
- 25 holders is reasonable in relation to the insurer's outstanding
- 26 liabilities and adequate to meet its financial needs, the
- 27 following factors, among others, shall be considered:
- 28 (1) The size of the insurer as measured by its assets, capital
- 29 and surplus, reserves, premium writings, insurance in force
- 30 and other appropriate criteria;
- 31 (2) The extent to which the insurer's business is diversified
- 32 among the several lines of insurance;
- 33 (3) The number and size of risks insured in each line of
- 34 business:
- 35 (4) The extent of the geographical dispersion of the
- 36 insurer's insured risks;
- 37 (5) The nature and extent of the insurer's reinsurance
- 38 program;
- 39 (6) The quality, diversification and liquidity of the in-
- 40 surer's investment portfolio;
- 41 (7) The recent past and projected future trend in the size of
- 42 the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders;

- 43 (8) The surplus as regards policyholders maintained by
- 44 other comparable insurers;
- 45 (9) The adequacy of the insurer's reserves; and
- 46 (10) The quality and liquidity of investments in affiliates.
- 47 The commissioner may treat any such investment as a
- 48 disallowed asset for purposes of determining the adequacy of
- 49 surplus as regards policyholders whenever in his or her
- 50 judgment such investment so warrants.
- 51 (c) Dividends and other distributions. (1) An insurer
- 52 subject to registration under section four of this article shall
- 53 not No domestic insurer may pay any extraordinary dividend
- 54 or make any other extraordinary distribution to its share-
- 55 holders until:
- 56 (1) (A) Thirty days after the commissioner has received
- 57 notice of the declaration thereof and has not within such that
- 58 period disapproved such payment; or
- 59 (2) the (B) The commissioner shall have has approved such
- 60 <u>that</u> payment within such the thirty-day period.
- 61 (d) (2) For purposes of this section, an extraordinary
- 62 dividend or distribution includes any dividend or distribu-
- 63 tion of cash or other property, whose fair market value
- 64 together with that of other dividends or distributions made

- 65 within the preceding twelve months exceeds the lesser of:
- 66 $\frac{\text{(1)}}{\text{(A)}}$ Ten percent of such insurer's surplus as regards
- 67 policyholders as of December 31, next preceding; or
- 68 $\frac{(2)}{(B)}$ (B) the The net gain from operations of such insurer, if
- 69 such insurer is a life insurer, or the net income, if such the
- 70 insurer is not a life insurer, not including realized capital
- 71 gains, for the twelve-month period ending December 31, next
- 72 preceding, but shall not include pro rata distributions of any
- 73 class of the insurer's own securities. In determining whether
- 74 a dividend or distribution is extraordinary, an insurer other
- 75 than a life insurer may carry forward net income from the
- 76 previous two calendar years that has not already been paid
- 77 out as dividends. This carry-forward shall be computed by
- 78 taking the net income from the second and third preceding
- 79 calendar years, not including realized capital gains, less
- 80 dividends paid in the second and immediate preceding
- 81 calendar years.
- 82 (e) (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an
- 83 insurer may declare an extraordinary dividend or distribu-
- 84 tion which is conditional upon the commissioner's approval
- 85 thereof, and such a the declaration shall confer no rights
- 86 upon shareholders until:

87 (1) (A) The commissioner has approved the payment of

such dividend or distribution; or 88

89 (2) the (B) The commissioner has not disapproved such

90 payment within the thirty-day period referred to above.

91 (f) (d) The following transactions involving a domestic 92 insurer and any person in its insurance holding company 93 system, including amendments or modifications of affiliate agreements previously filed pursuant to this section, that are 94 subject to any materiality standards contained in subdivi-95 sions (1) through (5) of this subsection, may not be entered into unless the insurer has notified the commissioner in writing of its intention to enter into such the transaction at 99 least thirty days prior thereto, or such shorter period as the commissioner may permit, and the commissioner has not 100 101 disapproved it within such that period: Provided, That 102 nothing contained in this subsection shall be deemed to 103 authorize or permit any transactions which, in the case of an insurer not a member of the same holding company system. 105 would be otherwise contrary to law. The notice for amend-106 ments or modifications shall include the reasons for the change and the financial impact on the domestic insurer. 107

108 Informal notice shall be reported, within thirty days after a

- 109 termination of a previously filed agreement, to the commis-
- 110 sioner for determination of the type of filing required, if any.
- 111 (1) Sales, purchases, exchanges, loans or extensions of
- 112 credit, guarantees or investments provided such transactions
- 113 are equal to or exceed:
- (A) With respect to nonlife insurers, the lesser of one three
- 115 percent of the insurer's admitted assets or ten twenty-five
- 116 percent of surplus as regards policyholders; and
- 117 (B) each With respect to life insurers, three percent of the
 - 18 <u>insurer's admitted assets</u> as of December 31, next preceding;
- 119 (2) Loans or extensions of credit to any person who is not
- 120 an affiliate, where the insurer makes such the loans or
- 121 extensions of credit with the agreement or understanding
- 122 that the proceeds of such transactions, in whole or in
- 123 substantial part, are to be used to make loans or extensions
- 124 of credit to, purchase assets of, or to make investments in,
- 125 any affiliate of the insurer making such loans or extensions
- 126 of credit provided such the transactions are equal to or
- 127 exceed:
- 128 (A) With respect to nonlife insurers, the lesser of one three
- 129 percent of the insurer's admitted assets or ten twenty-five

- 130 percent of surplus as regards policyholders; each as of
- 131 December 31, next preceding;
- (B) With respect to <u>life insurers</u>, three percent of the 132
- insurer's admitted assets as of December 31, next preceding; 133
- 134 (3) Reinsurance agreements or modifications thereto,
- 135 including:
- 136 (A) All reinsurance pooling agreements; and
- 137 (B) Agreements in which the reinsurance premium or a
- change in the insurer's liabilities, or the projected reinsur-
- ance premium or a change in the insurer's liabilities in any 139
- of the next three years, equals or exceeds five percent of the
- insurer's surplus as regards policyholders, as of December
- 31, next preceding, including those agreements which may 142
- 143 require as consideration the transfer of assets from an
- 144 insurer to a nonaffiliate, if an agreement or understanding
- exists between the insurer and nonaffiliate that any portion
- of such the assets will be transferred to one or more affiliates
- 147 of the insurer;
- 148 (4) All management agreements, service contracts, tax
- allocation agreements, guarantees and all cost-sharing 149
- 150 arrangements; and

(5) Guarantees when made by a domestic insurer; Pro-151 152 vided, That a guarantee that is quantifiable as to amount is not subject to the notice requirements of this subdivision 153 154 unless it exceeds the lesser of one half of one percent of the 155 insurer's admitted assets or ten percent of surplus as regards policyholders as of December 31, next preceding: Provided, 156 157 however. That all guarantees that are not quantifiable as to amount are subject to the notice requirements of this 158 159 subdivision. 160 (6) Direct or indirect acquisitions or investments in a person that controls the insurer or in an affiliate of the 161 insurer in an amount which, together with its present 162 holdings in such investments, exceeds two and one-half 163 164 percent of the insurer's surplus to policyholders. Direct or indirect acquisitions or investments in subsidiaries acquired 165 pursuant to section two-a of this article or authorized under 166 any other section of this chapter, or in nonsubsidiary 167 insurance affiliates that are subject to the provisions of this 168 article, are exempt from this requirement; and 169 170 (5) (7) Any material transactions, specified by rule, which the commissioner determines may adversely affect the interests of the insurer's policyholders. 172

173 (g) Nothing contained in subsection (h) herein shall be 174 deemed to authorize or permit any transactions which, in the 175 case of an insurer not a member of the same holding com-176 pany system, would be otherwise contrary to law. 177 (h) (e) A domestic insurer shall may not enter into transactions which are part of a plan or series of like transactions with persons within the <u>insurance</u> holding company system if the purpose of those separate transactions is to avoid the statutory threshold amount and thus avoid the review that 182 would occur otherwise. If the commissioner determines that 183 such separate transactions were entered into over any 184 twelve-month period for such that purpose, he or she may 185 exercise his or her authority under section nine of this 186 article. 187 (i) The commissioner, in reviewing transactions pursuant to subsection (f)(d) of this section, shall consider whether the transactions comply with the standards set forth in subsection (a) of this section and whether they may adversely affect the interests of policyholders. 191 192 (j) (g) The commissioner shall be notified within thirty days of any investment of the domestic insurer in any one corpo-194 ration if the total investment in such that corporation by the

195 insurance holding company system exceeds ten percent of

- 196 such corporation's voting securities.
- 197 (k) (h) With regard to domestic insurers, the following
- 198 requirements apply: <u>Management of domestic insurers</u>
- 199 $\underline{subject\ to\ registration.}$ (1) Notwithstanding the control of
- 200 a domestic insurer by any person, the officers and directors
- 201 of the insurer shall not thereby be relieved of any obligation
- 202 or liability to which they would otherwise be subject by law,
- and the insurer shall be managed so as to assure its separate
- 204 operating identity consistent with the provisions of this
- 205 chapter article.
- 206 (2) Nothing herein shall preclude in this section precludes
- a domestic insurer from having or sharing a common man-
- 208 agement or cooperatively, or jointly using personnel, prop-
- 209 erty or services with one or more other persons under
- 210 arrangements meeting the standards of subsection (a) of this
- 211 section.
- 212 (3) Not less than one third of the directors of a domestic
- 213 insurer, and not less than one third of the members of each
- 214 <u>committee of the board of directors of any domestic insurer</u>,
- 215 shall be persons who are not officers or employees of the
- 216 insurer or of any entity controlling, controlled by, or under

common control with the insurer and who are not beneficial 217 owners of a controlling interest in the voting stock of the 218219 insurer or entity. At least one such person must be included 220 in any quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the board of directors or any committee thereof. 222 (4) The board of directors of a domestic insurer shall 223 establish one or more committees comprised solely of directors who are not officers or employees of the insurer or 224225 of any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common 226 control with the insurer and who are not beneficial owners 227 of a controlling interest in the voting stock of the insurer or 228 any such entity. The committee or committees have responsibility for nominating candidates for director for election by 229 230shareholders or policyholders, evaluating the performance of 231 officers deemed to be principal officers of the insurer and 232 recommending to the board of directors the selection and 233 compensation of the principal officers. 234 (5) The provisions of subdivisions three and four of this subsection do not apply to a domestic insurer if the person 235 236 controlling the insurer, such as an insurer, a mutual insurance holding company, or a publicly held corporation, has a 237 board of directors and committees thereof that meet the 238

- 239 requirements of such subdivisions with respect to such
- 240 <u>controlling entity.</u>
- 241 (6) An insurer may make application to the commissioner
- 242 for a waiver from the requirements of this subsection, if the
- 243 insurer's annual direct written and assumed premium,
- 244 <u>excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop</u>
- 245 <u>Insurance Corporation and Federal Flood Program, is less</u>
- 246 than \$300 million. An insurer may also make application to
- 247 the commissioner for a waiver from the requirements of this
- 248 subsection based upon unique circumstances. The commis-
- 249 sioner may consider various factors including, but not
- 250 limited to, the type of business entity, volume of business
- 251 written, availability of qualified board members, or the
- 252 ownership or organizational structure of the entity.
- §33-27-6. Examination; power of commissioner; access to books and records; use of consultants; expenses; compelling production, contempt and payment of fees,

mileage and actual expenses.

- 1 (a) *Power of commissioner*. Subject to the limitation
- 2 contained in this section and in addition to the powers which
- 3 the commissioner has under other articles provisions of this
- 4 chapter relating to the examination of insurers, the commis-

- 59
- 5 sioner shall also have has the power to examine any insurer
- 6 registered under section four of this article and its affiliates
- 7 to ascertain the financial condition of the insurer, including
- 8 the enterprise risk to the insurer by the ultimate controlling
- 9 party, or by any entity or combination of entities within the
- 10 insurance holding company system, or by the insurance
- 11 <u>holding company system on a consolidated basis.</u>
- 12 (b) Access to books and records. –
- 13 (1) The commissioner may order any insurer registered
- 14 under section four of this article to produce such records,
- 15 books or other information papers in the possession of the
- 16 insurer or its affiliates as shall be are reasonably necessary
- 17 to ascertain the financial condition or legality of conduct of
- 18 such insurer. In the event that such insurer fails to comply
- 19 with such order, the commissioner shall have the power to
- 20 examine such affiliates to obtain such information determine
- 21 compliance with this chapter.
- 22 (b) Purpose and limitation of examination. The commis-
- 23 sioner shall exercise his power under subsection (a) above
- 24 only if the examination of the insurer under other articles of
- 25 this chapter is inadequate or the interests of the policyhold-
- 26 ers of such insurer may be adversely affected.

27 (2) To determine compliance with this chapter, the commissioner may order any insurer registered under section 28 29 four of this article to produce information not in the posses-30 sion of the insurer if the insurer can obtain access to such 31 information pursuant to contractual relationships, statutory 32 obligations, or other method. In the event the insurer cannot 33 obtain the information requested by the commissioner, the insurer shall provide the commissioner a detailed explana-34 35 tion of the reason that the insurer cannot obtain the informa-36 tion and the identity of the holder of information. Whenever it appears to the commissioner that the detailed explanation 37 is without merit, the commissioner may, after notice and 38 hearing, require the insurer to pay a penalty of up to \$10,000 39 40 for each day's delay, may suspend or revoke the insurer's 41 license, or both impose a penalty and revoke or suspend the 42 insurer's license. 43 (c) *Use of consultants.* — The commissioner may retain at the registered insurer's expense such attorneys, actuaries, 44 accountants and other experts not otherwise a part of the 45 46 commissioner's staff as shall be reasonably necessary to assist in the conduct of the examination under subsection (a) 47 above of this section. Any person so retained shall be under

- 50 in a purely advisory capacity.
- 51 (d) Expenses. Each registered insurer producing for
- 52 examination records, books and papers pursuant to subsec-
- 53 tion (a) above shall be of this section is liable for and shall
- 54 pay the expense of such examination in accordance with
- 55 applicable laws of this state.
- 56 (e) Compelling Production. In the event the insurer fails
- 57 to comply with an order, the commissioner may examine the
- 58 affiliates to obtain the information. The commissioner may
- 59 also issue subpoenas, to administer oaths, and examine under
- 60 oath any person for purposes of determining compliance with
- 61 this section. Upon the failure or refusal of any person to obey
- 62 a subpoena, the commissioner may petition any circuit court
- 63 and, upon proper showing, the court may enter an order
- 64 compelling the witness to appear and testify or produce
- 65 documentary evidence. Failure to obey the court order is
- 66 punishable as contempt of court. Every person is obliged to
- 67 attend as a witness at the place specified in the subpoena.
- 68 when subpoenaed, anywhere within the state. He or she is
- 69 entitled to the same fees and mileage, if claimed, as a witness
- 70 in the circuit court of the county in which attendance is

- 71 required, which fees, mileage, and actual expense, if any,
- 72 necessarily incurred in securing the attendance of witnesses,
- 73 and their testimony, shall be itemized and charged against,
- 74 and be paid by, the company being examined.

§33-27-6a. Supervisory Colleges; power of commissioner; expenses; agreements.

- 1 (a) *Power of Commissioner.* With respect to any insurer
- 2 registered under section four of this article, and in accor-
- 3 dance with subsection (c) of this section, the commissioner
- 4 may participate in a supervisory college for any domestic
- 5 insurer that is part of an insurance holding company system
- 6 with international operations in order to determine compli-
- 7 ance by the insurer with this chapter. The powers of the
- 8 commissioner with respect to supervisory colleges include,
- 9 but are not limited to, the following:
- 10 (1) Initiating the establishment of a supervisory college;
- 11 (2) Clarifying the membership and participation of other
- 12 supervisors in the supervisory college;
- 13 (3) Clarifying the functions of the supervisory college and
- 14 the role of other regulators, including the establishment of a
- 15 group-wide supervisor;

- 16 (4) Coordinating the ongoing activities of the supervisory
- 17 college, including planning meetings, supervisory activities,
- 18 and processes for information sharing; and
- 19 (5) Establishing a crisis management plan.
- 20 (b) Expenses. - Each registered insurer subject to this
- section is liable for and shall pay the reasonable expenses of 21
- 22 the commissioner's participation in a supervisory college in
- accordance with subsection (c) of this section, including 23
- reasonable travel expenses. For purposes of this section, a
- 25 supervisory college may be convened as either a temporary
- 26 or permanent forum for communication and cooperation
- between the regulators charged with the supervision of the 27
- insurer or its affiliates, and the commissioner may establish 28
- 29 a regular assessment to the insurer for the payment of these
- 30 expenses.
- 31 (c) Supervisory College. — In order to assess the business
- strategy, financial position, legal and regulatory position,
- risk exposure, risk management and governance processes, 33
- and as part of the examination of individual insurers in 34
- 35 accordance with section six of this article, the commissioner
- 36 may participate in a supervisory college with other regula-
- tors charged with supervision of the insurer or its affiliates, 37

including other state, federal and international regulatory agencies. The commissioner may enter into agreements in accordance with subsection (c), section seven of this article providing the basis for cooperation between the commissioner and the other regulatory agencies, and the activities of the supervisory college: *Provided*, That this section may not be construed as delegating to the supervisory college the authority of the commissioner to regulate or supervise the insurer or its affiliates within its jurisdiction.

§33-27-7. Confidential treatment.

1 (a) All information, documents and copies thereof Documents, materials or other information in the possession or control of the commissioner that are obtained by or disclosed to the commissioner or any other person in the course of an examination or investigation made pursuant to section six of this article and all information reported pursuant to subdivision thirteen or fourteen, subsection (b), section three of this article, sections section four and or section five of this article shall be given is confidential treatment and are not subject to subpoena and may not be made public by the commissioner or any other person, except to insurance departments

13 reserve system or other appropriate federal banking agency 14 in accordance with section nineteen, article two of this chapter, by law and privileged, is exempt from disclosure pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-b of this code, is not open to public inspection, is not subject to subpoena, is not subject 17 to discovery or admissible in evidence in any criminal, 18 19 private civil or administrative action and is not subject to 20 production pursuant to court order: Provided, That the 21 commissioner is authorized to use the documents, materials 22 or other information in the furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought as part of the commissioner's official 23 duties. The commissioner may not otherwise make the 2425 documents, materials or other information public without the prior written consent of the insurer to which it pertains 26 27 unless the commissioner, after giving the insurer and its 28 affiliates who would be affected thereby notice and opportunity to be heard, determines that the interests of policyhold-29 ers, shareholders or the public will be served by the publica-30 31 tion thereof, in which event he or she may publish all or any 32part thereof in any manner as he or she may consider appropriate. 33

34 (b) Neither the commissioner nor any person who received documents, materials or other information while acting 35 36 under the authority of the commissioner or with whom such 37 documents, materials or other information are shared pursuant to this article may be permitted or required to 38 39 testify in any private civil action concerning any confidential documents, materials, or information subject to subsection 40 (a) of this section. 41 42 (c) In order to assist in the performance of the commis-43 sioner's duties, the commissioner: 44 (1) May share documents, materials or other information, including the confidential and privileged documents, 45 materials or information subject to subsection (a) of this 46 47 section, with other state, federal and international regulatory agencies, with the National Association of Insurance Com-48 missioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries, and with state, 49 50 federal, and international law enforcement authorities, including members of any supervisory college described in 51 section six-a of this article, if the recipient agrees in writing 52 to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the 53 document, material or other information, and has verified in 54

writing the legal authority to maintain confidentiality;

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(2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, the 56 commissioner may only share confidential and privileged 57 58 documents, material, or information reported pursuant to 59 subsection (*l*), section four of this article, with commissioners of states having statutes or regulations substantially similar 60 61 to subdivision (1) of this subsection and who have agreed in 62 writing not to disclose such information; 63 (3) May receive documents, materials or information, 64 including otherwise confidential and privileged documents, 65 materials or information from the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries 66 and from regulatory and law-enforcement officials of other 67 foreign or domestic jurisdictions, and shall maintain as 68 69 confidential or privileged any document, material or infor-70 mation received with notice or the understanding that it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction 7172 that is the source of the document, material or information; 73 and 74 (4) Shall enter into written agreements with the National 75 Association of Insurance Commissioners governing sharing 76 and use of information provided pursuant to this article consistent with this subsection that: 77

78 (A) Specify procedures and protocols regarding the

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- 79 confidentiality and security of information shared with the
- 80 National Association of Insurance Commissioners and its
- 81 <u>affiliates and subsidiaries pursuant to this article, including</u>
- 82 procedures and protocols for sharing by the National
- 83 Association of Insurance Commissioners with other state,
- 84 federal or international regulators;
- 85 (B) Specify that ownership of information shared with the
- 86 National Association of Insurance Commissioners and its
- 87 <u>affiliates and subsidiaries pursuant to this article remains</u>
- 88 with the commissioner, and the National Association of
- 89 Insurance Commissioners's use of the information is subject
- 90 to the direction of the commissioner;
- 91 (C) Require prompt notice to be given to an insurer whose
- 92 confidential information in the possession of the National
- 93 Association of Insurance Commissioners pursuant to this
- 94 article is subject to a request or subpoena to the National
- 95 Association of Insurance Commissioners for disclosure or
- 96 production; and
- 97 (D) Require the National Association of Insurance Com-
- 98 missioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries to consent to
- 99 intervention by an insurer in any judicial or administrative

- action in which the National Association of Insurance
- Commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries may be
- 102required to disclose confidential information about the
- insurer shared with the National Association of Insurance
- Commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries pursuant to 104
- 105 this article.
- 106 (d) The sharing of information by the commissioner
- 107 pursuant to this article does not constitute a delegation of
- regulatory authority, and the commissioner is solely respon-
- sible for the administration, execution and enforcement of 109
- the provisions of this article.
- (e) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of 111
- 112confidentiality in the documents, materials or information
- 113 occurs as a result of disclosure to the commissioner under
- this section or as a result of sharing as authorized in subsec-114
- 115 tion (c) of this section.
- 116 (f) Documents, materials or other information in the
- possession or control of the National Association of Insur-
- 118 ance Commissioners pursuant to this article is confidential
- by law and privileged, is exempt from disclosure pursuant to 119
- 120 chapter twenty-nine-b of this code, is not subject to sub-

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121 poena, and is not subject to discovery or admissible in

122 evidence in any private civil action.

§33-27-9. Criminal proceedings; penalties; orders; fines; disapproval of dividends and distributions.

- 1 (a) Any insurer failing, without just cause, to file any
- 2 registration statement as required by this article shall be
- 3 required, after notice and hearing, to pay a penalty of up to
- 4 one thousand dollars for each day's delay, to be recovered by
- 5 the commissioner. Any penalty so recovered shall be paid
- 6 into the General Revenue Fund of this state. The commis-
- 7 sioner may reduce the penalty if the insurer demonstrates to
- 8 the commissioner that the imposition of the penalty would
- 9 constitute a financial hardship to the insurer.
- 10 (b) Every director or officer of an insurance holding
- 11 company system who knowingly violates, participates in, or
- 12 assents to, or who knowingly permits any of the officers or
- 13 agents of the insurer to engage in transactions or make
- 14 investments which have not been properly reported or
- 15 submitted pursuant to subsection (a), section four of this
- 16 article and subsections (c) and (d), of section five of this
- 17 article, or which violate any other provision of this article,
- 18 shall pay, in his or her individual capacity, a civil forfeiture

19 of not more than \$5,000 per violation, after notice and

20 hearing before the commissioner. In determining the amount

21 of the civil forfeiture, the commissioner shall take into

22 account the appropriateness of the forfeiture with respect to

23 the gravity of the violation, the history of previous violations,

(c) Whenever it appears to the commissioner that any

24 and such other matters as justice may require.

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insurer subject to this article or any director, officer, em-27 ployee or agent thereof has engaged in any transaction or 28 entered into a contract which is subject to section five of this 29 article and which would not have been approved had such 30 approval been requested, the commissioner may order the insurer to cease and desist immediately any further activity 31 32 under that transaction or contract. After notice and hearing 33 the commissioner may also order the insurer to void any such contracts and restore the status quo if such the action is in 34 35 the best interest of the policyholders, creditors or the public. 36 (d) Whenever it appears to the commissioner that any

person or any director, officer, employee or agent thereof has

committed a willful violation of this article, the commis-

sioner may cause criminal proceedings to be instituted

against such person or the responsible director, officer,

employee or agent thereof. Any insurer who willfully violates 42 this article is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction 43 thereof, shall be fined not more than ten thousand dollars. 44 Any individual who willfully violates this article is guilty of 45 a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in his or her individual capacity not more than ten thousand 47 dollars or, if such willful violation involves the deliberate perpetration of a fraud upon the commissioner, is guilty of a 49 felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned not less than one year nor more than three years, or both fined 50 and imprisoned. 51 (e) Any officer, director or employee of an insurance 52 holding company system who willfully and knowingly 53 54 subscribes to or makes or causes to be made any false statements or false reports or false filings with the intent to 55 deceive the commissioner in the performance of his or her duties under this article, is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than ten thousand 58 59 dollars, or imprisoned not less than one year nor more than 60 three years, or both fined and imprisoned. Any fines imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be paid by the officer, 61 director or employee in his or her individual capacity. 62

63 (f) Whenever it appears to the commissioner that any

64 person has committed a violation of section three of this

65 article which prevents the full understanding of the enter-

66 prise risk to the insurer by affiliates or by the insurance

67 holding company system, the violation may serve as an

68 independent basis for disapproving dividends or distribu-

69 tions and for placing the insurer under an order of supervi-

70 sion in accordance with article thirty-four of this chapter.

§33-27-11. Revocation, suspension or nonrenewal of insurer's license.

- 1 Whenever it appears to the commissioner that any person
- 2 has committed a violation of this article which makes the
- 3 continued operation of an insurer contrary to the interests of
- 4 policyholders or the public, the commissioner may, after
- 5 giving notice and an opportunity to be heard, determine to
- 6 suspend, revoke or refuse to renew such insurer's license or
- 7 authority to do business in this state for such period as he or
- 8 she finds is required for the protection of policyholders or
- 9 the public: *Provided*, That any such determination shall be
- 10 accompanied by specific findings of fact and conclusions of
- 11 law.

§33-27-14. Regulatory authority.

- 15 The Insurance Commissioner shall promulgate may
- 16 propose rules pursuant to for legislative approval in accor-
- 17 dance with the provisions of article three, chapter
- 18 twenty-nine-a of this code setting forth procedural require-
- 19 ments and may promulgate emergency rules pursuant to the
- 20 provisions of section fifteen, article three, chapter
- 21 <u>twenty-nine-a of this code</u>, as are necessary to implement the
- 22 provisions of this article. and specifying the reporting forms
- 23 required by this article prior to August 1, 1993.

(NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to amend the insurance code to adopt recent changes to the model act adopted by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners with respect to holding companies and systemic risks arising from acquisitions and divestitures of affiliates. The bill defines terms. The bill excludes certain investments from determination of adequacy of surplus. The bill requires notice and other information with regard to divestiture or acquisition of a controlling interest. The bill also changes public hearing requirements. The bill provides standards for review of acquisition request by commissioner and establishes a process for consolidated hearings. The bill additionally sets forth standards and procedures for certain acquisitions not otherwise covered. The bill expands the types of information that may be demanded and reviewed by the commissioner. Further, the bill provides for establishment of supervisory colleges. The bill provides for additional confidentiality measures. The bill also authorizes emergency rules.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.

§33-27-3A and §33-27-6A are new; therefore, strike-throughs and underscoring have been omitted.)